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1. ERIKS operating companies

ECON swing type check valves are being delivered by several ERIKS operating companies on a worldwide basis. In this manual these will be referred to as 'ERIKS', the individual terms of delivery of the ERIKS operating company having executed the order are applicable.

2. Product description

The ECON swing type check valves with lever and counterweight are designed according to the information in our latest catalogue or see our website www.eriks.com and should be used in accordance with the applicable pressure-temperature rating as stated on this website. ECON swing type check valves are provided with casted markings according to EN 19. The marking makes the identification of the valve easier and contains:

- size (DN)
- pressure rating class
- body material marking
- arrow, indicating the medium flow direction
- ECON logo

3. Requirements for maintenance staff

The staff assigned to assembly, operating and maintenance tasks should be qualified to carry out such jobs and, in any circumstance, ensure personal safety

4. Transport and storage

Transport and storage should always be carried out with the disc completely closed and the valve should be protected against external forces, influence and destruction of the painting layer as well. The purpose of the painting layer is to protect the valve against rust, during transport and storage. The valves should be stored in an unpolluted space and should also be protected against all atmospheric circumstances. There should be taken care of the temperature and humidity in the room, in order to prevent condensate formation.

5. Function

ECON swing type check valves are designed to prevent back flow. The flowing medium presses against the disc, thereby pushing it open. The swing type check valve can be installed horizontal and vertical (upward flow). When installed in a vertical pipeline, the lever must be 90° adjusted, for a correct functioning of the weight on the lever.

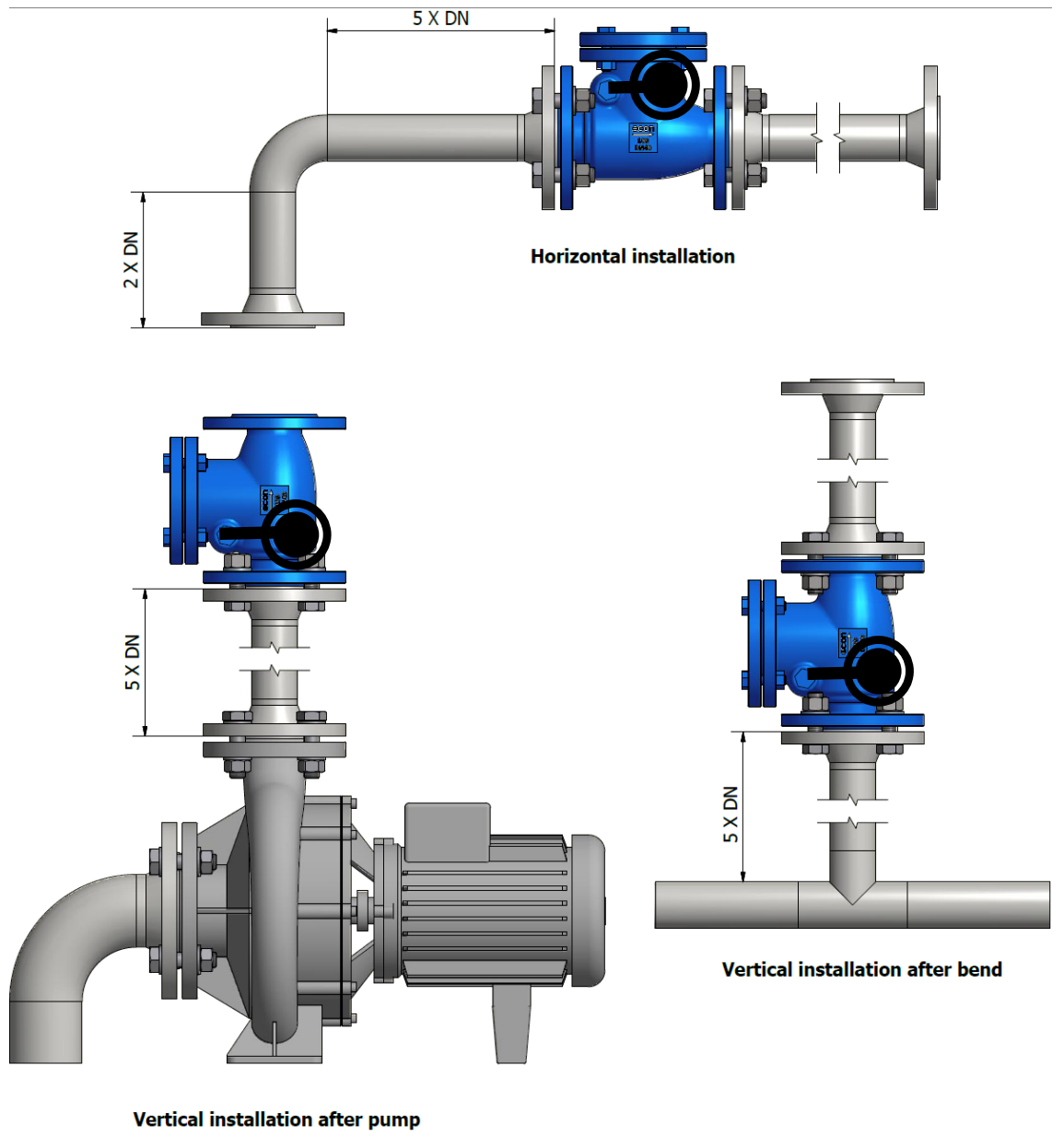
6. Application

ECON swing type check valves are used in cold and hot water, fresh and sea water and other neutral media. The installation designer is responsible for the check valve selection, suitable for the working conditions. The valves are unsuitable, without written permission of an ERIKS company, to apply for hazardous media as referred into Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

7. Installation

During the assembly of the ECON swing type check valves, the following rules should be observed:

- make sure before an assembly that the valves were not damaged during the transport or storage.
- make sure that the applied valves are suitable for the working conditions, medium used in the plant and the right system connections, according to pressure and temperature limits.
- the swing type check valves must be installed in a horizontal or vertical pipeline, but only with a rising flow.
When installed in a vertical pipeline, the lever must be 90° adjusted, for a correct functioning of the weight on the lever.
- during fitting, the proper flow direction has to be considered.
- during fitting the location of the valve, after a bend or pump, must be at least 5xDN in a straight line. Also, after the valve, a straight line of 2xDN is recommended. This to avoid too much turbulence in the check valve, which may cause malfunctioning and or rattling of the disc.
- the interior of the valve and pipeline must be free from foreign particles.
- the valve should be assembled in the pipeline in closed position, for a correct functioning, the valve must be stress free mounted between the flanges, supports must be arranged to prevent any additional stress, caused by the weight of the valve or the pipeline.
- bolted joints on the pipeline must not cause additional stress resulted from excessive tightening, user shall select proper bolts and gaskets according to the working temperature, working pressure and medium.
- before plant startup, especially after repairs carried out, flash out the pipeline.
- after installation it is necessary to check the valve operation and tightness of all connections. A tightness test should be carried out.
- install pipelines so that damaging transverse, excessive vibrations, bending and tensional forces are avoided.
- set-up of the position of the counterweight on the lever



8. Maintenance

Before starting any service jobs, make sure that the medium supply to the pipeline is cut off, pressure was decreased to ambient pressure, the pipeline is completely cleaned and ventilated, and the plant is cooled down. Always keep safety instructions in mind and take all personal safety precautions.

During maintenance, the following rules should be observed:

- always keep personal safety precautions in mind and always use appropriate protection e.g., clothing, masks, gloves etc.
- be alert that the temperature still can be very high or low and can cause burns.
- check the valve on all possible leaking possibilities.
- check if all bolts and nuts, are still fastened.
- check if the disc still open and close in a proper manner.
- the thickness of the body must be checked to ensure safety operation at an interval of at least three months.

9. Service and repair

All service and repair jobs should be carried out by authorized staff, using suitable tools and user shall use valve gasket, bolt and nut of the same size and material as the original one.

- weld repair and drilling of the valve is forbidden.
- it is forbidden to replace the bolt, nut or packing when the valve is under pressure.
- tighten the hexagon nuts evenly crosswise in the there for standard order.
- after replacement of the gasket, bolts or nuts, it is necessary to check the valve operation and tightness of all connections. A tightness test should be carried out.
- after installation, the valve should be checked and maintained periodically at least every 3 months, depending on the medium.

10. Troubleshooting

It is essential that the safety regulations are observed when identifying the fault.

| Problem | Possible cause | Corrective measures |
|------------------------------|--|--|
| No flow | Valve is installed in the wrong way | Arrow of flow direction has to run in the same direction as the flow itself |
| Little flow | Disc does not completely open | Check disc opening function |
| | Piping system clogged | Check piping system |
| Leakage across valve seat* | Disc not properly closed | Check disc opening function |
| | | Check the position of the lever with weight. |
| | Seat damaged by foreign particles | Replace the valve |
| | Deformation of discs by hammer blow | Replace the valve |
| Rattling/banging of the disc | Nominal diameter of the valve in relation to the flow rate is too big. | Choose smaller nominal diameter |
| | High flow speed | Change the system |
| | After a 90 ° bend in the pipe | |
| | Expansion joints are missing | |
| | There is no stabilizing pipe length | |
| | There is no start-up bypass line | |
| Body broken and leaking | Water hammer | Replace the valve |
| | Broken because of freezing | Replace the valve and drain the water in the winter when the valve is not used |

*Please be aware that the seat tightness is according Standard EN12266-1 and the maximum allowable **metal** seat leakage for check valves is **Rate C**. Which means that a certain leakage is allowed, a specification can be found in the Standard EN12266-1.

11. Removal

All dismantled and rejected valves cannot be disposed with household waste. The valves are made of materials which can be re-used and should be delivered to designated recycling centers.

General warning:

General note for products which may be used for seawater:

Although our products can be used in seawater systems it should always be noted that, in case of installation in a piping system made of materials which are frequently used because of their excellent seawater resistance (e.g. Cunifer), large potential differences may occur possibly causing corrosion which could permanently damage the proper functioning and integrity of our product.

A combination of different materials should always be mentioned prior to the purchase of our products in order for us to give the best possible advise on a safe functioning.

General note for cast iron products:

Cast iron can be used for various applications, such as listed in our catalogue. It should however always be observed that frost (in combination with non-drained products) may permanently damage the proper functioning and integrity of our product.